Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018 Control Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Define control system. Distinguish between open loop and closed loop systems with examples. (05 Marks)
 - b. Write the differential equations for the mechanical system shown in Fig.Q1(b) and obtain F-V and F-I analogous electrical networks. (05 Marks)

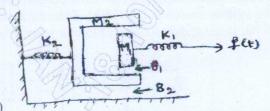


Fig.Q1(b)

c. Using Mason's gain formula, find the gain of the system shown in Fig.Q1(c). (06 Marks)

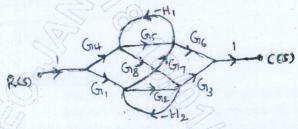


Fig.Q1(c)

OR

- 2 a. Write the Mason's gain formula for signal flow graph. Indicate what each term represents.
 (04 Marks)
 - b. Show that two systems shown in Fig.Q2(a) are analogous systems, by comparing their functions. (06 Marks)

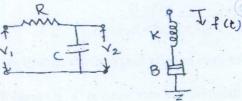
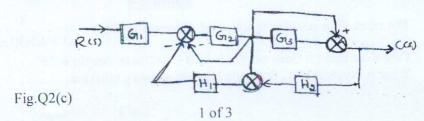


Fig.Q2(b)

c. Reduce the block diagram shown in Fig.Q2(c) using reduction rules and obtain C(s)/R(s).
(06 Marks)



compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 42+8=50, will be written eg, Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, 2. Any revealing of identification

Module-2

- 3 a. Obtain an expression for time response of the first order system subjected to unit step input.

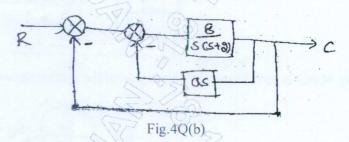
 (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain proportional + integral + differential controller and their effect on stability.

(06 Marks)

c. A unity feedback system is characterized by an open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+10)}$. Determine the gain K so that system will have a damping ratio of 0.5. For this value of K, find settling time (2% criterion), peak overshoot and time to peak overshoot for a unit step input.

OR

- 4 a. With a neat sketch explain all the time domain specifications. (10 Marks)
 - b. For the system shown in Fig.Q4(b). Determine the value of 'a' which gives damping factor 0.7. What is the steady state error to unit ramp input for value of 'a'. (06 Marks)



Module-3

5 a. State and explain Routh-Hurwitz criterion.

(05 Marks)

b. List the advantages of Root Locus method.

(05 Marks)

c. Using RH criterion determine the stability of the system having the characteristic equation: $s^6 + 2s^5 + 5s^4 + 8s^3 + 8s^2 + 8s + 4 = 0$. (06 Marks)

OR

6 a. By applying Routh criterion, discuss the stability of the closed loop system as a function of K for the following open loop transfer function:

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s(s-1)(s^2+4s+16)}$$
.

(06 Marks)

b. The open loop transfer function of a control system is given by $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+2)(s^2+6s+2s)}$ Sketch the complete root locus as k is varied from zero to infinity.

Module-4

7 a. The open loop transfer function of a system is $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(1+0.5s)(1+0.2s)}$ using Bode plot.

Find K so that: i) Gain margin is 6dB ii) Phase margin is 25°.

(12 Marks)

b. What is Nyquist plot? State the Nyquist stability criterion.

(04 Marks)

OR

8 a. The open loop transfer function of a control system is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+2)}$. Sketch the

Nyquist plot, path and ascertain the stability.

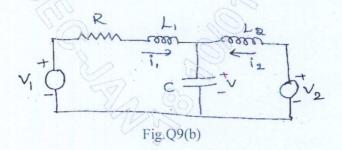
(10 Marks)

b. Write a note on lead compensator.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. What is signal reconstruction? Explain it with sample and hold circuit. (08 Marks)
 - b. Consider the circuit of Fig.Q9(b). Identify suitable state variables and write its state vector matrix equation. Note that there are two inputs. (08 Marks)



OR

10 a. List the properties of state transition matrix.

(06 Marks)

b. A single input single output system has the state and output equations:

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{r}$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

- i) Determine its transfer function
- ii) Find its state transition matrix.

(08 Marks)

c. What is sampled data control system?

(02 Marks)